CBCS STRUCTURE (Modified) of North Bengal University

Department of Geology

Department :	Geology	Programme Name: M.Sc in Applied Geology				
	Semester 1					
Course Type	Choice	Course Title	Course credit	Total Credit		
Core	None	 Mineralogy Structural Geology Sedimentology 	4 4 4	16		
DSE	Choose 1	 Quaternary Geology Environmental Geology 	2			
AEC	Choose from Basket 1		2			
		Semester 2				
Core	None	4.Igneous Petrology5. Metamorphic Petrology6. Hydrogeology	4 4 4	16		
DSE	Choose 1	 Geomorphology Geotectonics 	2			
SEC	Choose 1 from Basket 2		2			
		Semester 3	•	•		
Core	None	7. Palaeontology	4			
DSE	Choose 3	 Sedimentary Basin Engineering Geology General Fieldwork Fuel Geology Industrial Training & Presentation Climatology 	2x3=6	16		
AEC	Choose 1 from Basket 3		2			
GE	Choose 1	 Geochemistry Isotope Geology 	4			
		Semester 4		-		
Core	None	8.Ore Geology 9.Dissertation Report	4 4			
DSE	Choose 1	11.Stratigraphy 12. Ocean Science	2	16		
SEC	Choose 1 from Basket 4		2			
GE	Choose 1	 Geophysics Remote Sensing 	4			

Department Name:	GEOLOGY							
Program Name:	M.SC IN APPLI							
Program Code:	311	311						
Semester: Semest	er I √ Semest	ter II 🗌 🛛 Semest	ter III 🗆 Semes	ter IV 🗆				
Course Name:	MINERALOGY							
Course Code:			keep it blank;	else enter	the old	course code)		
Course Credit:	4							
Marks Allotted: Theore	tical/Practical:	50+25	Continuing Eva	luation:	25			
Course Type (tick the co	prrect alternativ	es):		I				
Core		V						
Department Sp	ecific Elective							
Generic Elective	2							
Is the course focused or	n employability ,	/ entrepreneurs	hip? YES √	NO 🗆				
Is the course focused or	n imparting life s	skill?	YES √	NO 🗆				
Is the course based on A	Activity ?		YES 🗆	NO √				
Percentage of change ir	n syllabus (applio	cable in case of o	change in syllabu	us only)				
Minor (up to 15	5%)							
Moderate (>15	% and up to 50%	%) √						
Major (>50%)								
Summary of cha	anges							
The previous knowledge ba	course has beer ase in the indivio	n divided into tw dual subjects. Th	o separate cour e course conten	ses to exp t remains	and the	ged.		
PG BOS Meeting Refere	nce Number:		11/22		Date:	02-06-2022		

Geol/PGBSO/11/22

02-06-2022

Course Code:

Course Name: MINERALOGY

Brief Course Description: The course deals with topics in mineral science. It describes the structures, physical and chemical properties of minerals and their reaction relation from magma melt. Introduction to rock forming minerals.

Prerequisite(s) and/or Note(s):

- (1) Expanding knowledge in mineral science.
- (2) Note(s): Syllabus changes yearly and may be modified during the term itself, depending on the circumstances. However, students will be evaluated only on the basis of topics covered in the course.

Course Objectives:

Knowledge acquired:

- 1. Basic knowledge on crystal structures and bonding and laws
- 2. Silicate structures and their physical and chemical properties
- 3. Bragg's law, application of X-ray technique in identification of minerals through crystal structures

Skills gained:

- (1) Analysis of mineral structures,
- (2) Solving reaction relation in rocks and minerals, and,
- (3) Identification of basic rock forming minerals

Competency Developed:

- (1) Applying the concept to differentiate silicate structures
- (2) Grouping of minerals in their silicate groups
- (3) Knowledge can be applied in exploration geology.

Course Syllabus:

Mineralogy

50 Marks (2 credit)

Bonding in crystal structures; Closed pack structures, CCP and HCP, body-centered cubic structure, Interstitial sites in close-packed structures; Structure types based on close packing; Structures built from polyhedral.

Crystal structure of silicates; The [SiO4] tetrahedron, generalized idea on silicate structure and composition; Effect of changing pressure, temperature and composition in silicate structures; Composition and generalized formula of different mineral groups.

X-Ray Crystallography: Bragg's Law, single crystal and powder methods - Principle and application in determination of crystal structure. Defects in minerals.

Continuous evaluation

25 Marks (1 credit)

Mineralogy (Practical)

25 Marks 1 credit

Study of the symmetry of crystals. Study of physical properties of mineral sinhand specimen Study of optical properties of common rock-forming minerals

Suggested Reference Books

• Klein, C., Dutrow, B., Dwight, J., & Klein, C. (2007). The 23rd Edition of the Manual of Mineral Science (after James D. Dana). J. Wiley & Sons.

• Deer, W. A., Howie, R. A., &Zussman, J. (1992). An introduction to the rock-forming minerals (Vol. 696). London: Longman.

- Nesse, W. D. (2011). Introduction to Optical Mineralogy (Fourth Edition). Oxford University Press.
- Putnis, A. (1992): Introduction to Mineral Sciences. Cambridge University Press.

• Whalstrom, E.E. (1969): Optical Crystallography. John Wiley & Sons

Department Name:	GEOLOGY				
Program Name:	M.SC IN APPLIE				
Program Code:	311				
Semester: Semest	er I √ Semeste	r II 🗆 Semest	ter III 🗆 Semes	ter IV 🗆	
Course Name:	STRUCTURAL GE	EOLOGY			
Course Code:	GEOL-CT-102&	GEOL-CP-106	keep it blank;	else entei	r the old course code)
Course Credit:	4				
Marks Allotted: Theore	tical/Practical:	50+25	Continuing Eva	luation:	25
Course Type (tick the co	orrect alternatives	5):			
Core	١	/			
Department Sp	ecific Elective				
Generic Elective	e [
Is the course focused of	n employability / e	entrepreneurs	hip? YES √	NO 🗆	
Is the course focused of	n imparting life sk	ill?	YES √	NO 🗆	
Is the course based on A	Activity ?		YES 🗆	NO √	
Percentage of change in	n syllabus (applica	ble in case of o	change in syllabu	ıs only)	
Minor (up to 15	5%)				
Moderate (>15	% and up to 50%)				
Major (> 50%)					
Summary of ch	anges				
No changes					

PG BOS Meeting Reference Number:

Geol/PGBOS/11/22

02-06-2022

Date:

Course Code: GEOL-CT-102& GEOL-CP-106

Course Name: Structural Geology

Brief Course Description: GEOL-CT-102&GEOL-CP-106 deals with geological structures of rocks and minerals in mesoscopic and microscopic level. The course deals with fold, faults and others geological structures with their genetic significance.

Prerequisite(s) and/or Note(s):

- (1) Advance knowledge in structural geology.
- (2) Note(s): Syllabus changes yearly and may be modified during the term itself, depending on the circumstances. However, students will be evaluated only on the basis of topics covered in the course.

Course Objectives:

Knowledge acquired:

- (1) Rheological behavior of rocks
- (2) Deformation mechanism, calculation of stress
- (3) Measurement of strains, elastic and plastic deformation
- (4) Classification, origin, mechanisms of folds, faults shear zones

Skills gained:

- (1) Analysis of strain and stress,
- (2) Structural analysis of an area, and,
- (3) Analysis of tectonism

Competency Developed:

- (1) Applying the knowledge for geological mapping
- (2) Mine planning
- (3) Knowledge can be applied in exploration geology.

Course Syllabus:

Structural Geology (Theory)50 Marks (2 credit)

Rheology: Behaviors of rocks under stress; Rheological models; Flow law for steady state creep; factors influencing flow of rocks; Deformation mechanism; Estimation of paleostress.

Stress: Basic concept of stress; Analysis of stress in three dimensions; stress filed description; equilibrium condition; trajectory patterns and boundary condition.

Strain: Infinitesimal strain; measurement of strain; progressive deformation; Role of fluid in deformation; Stress –Strain curves for elastic, viscous and plastic; Concept ofRockdeformation:Brittle andductile deformation.

Folds; Geometricandgeneticclassificationoffolds, Fold interference in single and multilayer; Mechanism of folding and superposed folding; Structural analysis for deformed terrain.

Faults and Fractures; Origin, Mechanics, dynamics and significance.

Foliation; Lineation; Boudinage; Origin and significance.

Shear Zones, Grain scale deformation mechanism and its manifestation in microstructure: Solid State Diffusion Creep. Granular flow and Superplasticity.

Continuous evaluation

Structural Geology(Practical)

Interpretation of topographic and Geological maps, Stereographic projections; Interpretation of outcrop patterns of deformed lithounits involving folding and faulting on flat and undulating topography; Strain analysis.

Suggested Reference Books

- Davis, G. R. (1984) Structural Geology of Rocks and Region. John Wiley
- Billings, M. P. (1987) Structural Geology, 4th edition, Prentice-Hall.
- Park, R. G. (2004) Foundations of Structural Geology. Chapman & Hall.
- Pollard, D. D. (2005) Fundamental of Structural Geology. Cambridge University Press.
- Ragan, D. M. (2009) Structural Geology: an introduction to geometrical techniques (4th Ed). Cambridge University Press (For Practical)
- Lahee F. H. (1962) Field Geology. McGraw Hill
- Ghosh, S.K. (1993) Fundamentals and Modern Developments of Structural Geology. Pergamon Press
- Ramsay, J. G. (1967). Folding and Fracturing of Rocks. Mc-Graw Hill, New York
- Twiss, J.R. and Moores, M.E. (2006). Structural Geology. W.H. Freeman and Company, New York

25 Marks 1 credit

25 Marks (1 credit)

Department Name:	GEOLOGY					
Program Name:	M.SC IN APPLIED GEOLOGY					
Program Code:	311					
Semester: Semest	ter I 🗸 🛛 Semester II 🗆 Semester III 🗆 Semester IV 🗆					
Course Name:	SEDIMENTOLOGY					
Course Code:	GEOL-CT-103 & GEOL-CP-107 keep it blank; else enter the old course co	ode)				
Course Credit:	4					
Marks Allotted: Theore	etical/Practical: 50+25 Continuing Evaluation: 25					
Course Type (tick the co	correct alternatives):					
Core	\checkmark					
Department Sp	pecific Elective					
Generic Elective	/e 🗆					
Is the course focused or	on employability / entrepreneurship? YES \vee NO \Box					
Is the course focused or	on imparting life skill? YES √ NO □					
Is the course based on A	Activity ? YES NO V					
Percentage of change ir	in syllabus (applicable in case of change in syllabus only)					
Minor (up to 15	5%)					
Moderate (>15	5% and up to 50%) \Box					
Major (> 50%)						
Summary of cha	nanges					
No changes]				

PG BOS Meeting Reference Number:

Geol/PGBOS/11/22

02-06-2022

Date:

Course Code: GEOL-CT-103 & GEOL-CP-107

Course Name: Structural Geology

Brief Course Description: GEOL-CT-103&GEOL-CP-107 deal with sedimentology. The course deals with physical, chemical and biological environment of sediment deposition.

Prerequisite(s) and/or Note(s):

- (1) Advance knowledge in sedimentology.
- (2) Note(s): Syllabus changes yearly and may be modified during the term itself, depending on the circumstances. However, students will be evaluated only on the basis of topics covered in the course.

Course Objectives:

Knowledge acquired:

- (1) Sedimentary process-product relationship
- (2) Sedimentary facies palaeoenvironmental and palaeogeographic reconstruction
- (3) Tectonics and sedimentation
- (4) Application of geochemistry for sedimentological, palaeobiologiocal and palaeoclimatic problems

Skills gained:

- (1) Analysis of sediments,
- (2) granulometric analysis, and,
- (3) chemical analysis of sediments

Competency Developed:

- (1) Application in petroleum and mining sectors
- (2) Palaeoenvironment and palaeoclimate analysis
- (3) Facies modeling and sequence stratigraphic application.

Course Syllabus:

Sedimentology (Theory) 50 Marks (2 credit)

Process-Product relationship: Sedimentation processes and products in major clastic and chemogenic depositional systems.

Sedimentary facies - philosophy and procedure, facies successions and facies models; Palaeogeographic and palaeoenvironmetal reconstruction.

Tectonics and sedimentation: Role of extrabasinal and intrabasinal factors in sedimentation pattern.

Application of trace elements, rare earth elements and stable isotope geochemistry to sedimentological problems, Provenance determination, Palaeoclimate reconstruction

Sequence stratigraphy: Concept, methods and application

Continuous evaluation

25 Marks (1 credit)

Sedimentology (Practical) 25 Marks 1 credit

Description and interpretation of sedimentary structures in hand specimen; Analysis of granulometry; Microscopic study of sandstones and limestone; Palaeocurrent analysis.

Suggested Reference Books

- Prothero, D. R., & Schwab, F. (2004). Sedimentary geology. Macmillan
- Tucker, M. E. (2006). Sedimenary Petrology, Blackwell Publishing
- Collinson, J. D. & Thompson, D. B. (1988). Sedimentary structures, Unwin- Hyman, London
- Nichols, G. (2009). Sedimentology and Stratigraphy Second Edition. Wiley Blackwell
- Walker, R.G. 1984. Facies models. Geol. Assoc. Can., Newfoundland, Canada, 317pp
- Catuneanu, O., 2006. Principles of sequence stratigraphy. Elsevier Publ., Amsterdam, 336pp.

Department Name:	Geology	
Program Name:	Applied Geology	
Program Code:	311	
Semester: Semest	ter I ✓ Semester II □ Semester III Semester IV □	
Course Name:	Quaternary Geology	
Course Code: code)	GEOL-EP-404E r new course keep it blank; else enter	the old course
Course Credit:	2	
Marks Allotted: Theo	oretical/Practic 50 Continuing Ev	
Course Type (tick the	correct alternatives):	
Core		
Department Sp	pecific Elective $$	
Generic Electi	ve 🗆	
Is the course focused	on employability / entrepreneurship? YES \Box NO $$	
Is the course focused	on imparting life skill? YES \sqrt{NO}	
Is the course based on	Activity ? YES \Box NO	\checkmark
Percentage of change	in syllabus (applicable in case of change in syllabus only	r)
Minor (up to 1	.5%) v	
Moderate (>15	5% and up to 50%) \Box	
Major (> 50%))	
Summary of cl	hanges	
The course re	emains same as earlier.	

PG BOS Meeting Reference Number Geol/PGBOS/11/22

Course Code: GEOL-EP-404E

Course Name: Quaternary Geology

Brief Course Description:

This course has evolved from a traditional Quaternary Geology course to become an Earth systems science course focusing on processes and history of the Quaternary.

Prerequisite(s) and/or Note(s):

- 1) Basic understanding of sedimentary environments.
- 2) Understanding about various proxy records.

Course Objectives:

Knowledge acquired:

- Definition and scope of Quaternary Geology
- Evolution of landscape and interactions between tectonic, climatic, and geomorphic processes
- Radiogenic Carbon and Optical stimulated luminescence (OSL) radiogenic dating method
- Dendrochronology; Tephrochronology, Climatostratigraphy, Magnetostratigraphy
- Global climate pattern, Climate controlling factors and Milankovitch Hypothesis, Quaternary Environments, Quaternary Sea-level changes
- Fossil records of the Quaternary; Pollen analysis, Mammalian fauna Paleoclimatic reconstruction; Effect of Anthropogenic activity on Global climate

Skills gained:

This course aims to improve skills in student research and analysis, expressed in written and oral form.

Competency Developed:

1. Students should be able to evaluate and interpret data and concepts related to paleoclimatology, Earth surface processes, and the history of global change in the Quaternary Period.

2. Students should be able to collect, analyze and synthesize field and laboratory data related to Earth surface materials and landforms.

Course Syllabus:

Introduction: Definition and scope of Quaternary Geology.

Quaternary Geomorphology: Evolution of landscape and interactions between tectonic, climatic, and geomorphic processes.

Quaternary Geochronology: Radiogenic Carbon and Optical stimulated luminescence (OSL) dating method.

Quaternary Stratigraphy: Glacial verves; Dendrochronology; Tephrochronology, Climatostratigraphy, Magnetostratigraphy.

Global climate pattern, Climate controlling factors and Milankovitch Hypothesis, Quaternary Environments, Quaternary Sea-level changes.

Fossil records of the Quaternary; Pollen analysis, Mammalian fauna, Deep sea Biostratigraphy Continental and marine Quaternary record of India; Neotectonic, stratigraphic, sedimentologic and geomorphic evolution of Quaternary terrain of India.

Paleoclimatic reconstruction; Pleistocene Glacial-Interglacial cycles, Anthropocene; Effect of Anthropogenic activity on Global climate

Suggested Readings:

Lowe JJ, Walker M. 2014. Reconstructing quaternary environments. Routledge

Mathur U. 2005. Quaternary geology: Indian perspective: with notes on the Quaternary of Gujarat. Geological Society of India

Miller A-AL. 1999. The Quaternary sediments and seismostratigraphy of the Grand Banks of Newfoundland and the Northeast Newfoundland Shelf: Foraminiferal refinements and constraints. The George Washington University

Murray-Wallace CV, Woodroffe CD. 2014. Quaternary sea-level changes: a global perspective. Cambridge University Press.

Department Name:	GEOLOGY				
Program Name:	M.SC IN APPL				
Program Code:	311				
Semester: Semest	er I √ Semes	ter II 🗌 🛛 Sem	ester III 🗌 Seme	ster IV 🗌	
Course Name:	ENVIRONMEN	ITAL GEOLOG	(
Course Code:			keep it blank	else enter the o	ld course code)
Course Credit:	2				
Marks Allotted: Theore	tical/Practical:	50	Continuing Ev	aluation:	
Course Type (tick the co	orrect alternativ	es):			
Core					
Department Sp	ecific Elective	V			
Generic Elective	2				
Is the course focused of	n employability	/ entrepreneu	ırship? YES √	NO 🗆	
Is the course focused of	n imparting life	skill?	YES √	NO 🗆	
Is the course based on a	Activity ?		YES 🗆	NO √	
Percentage of change in	n syllabus (appli	cable in case o	of change in syllab	ous only)	
Minor (up to 15	5%)				
Moderate (>15	% and up to 50%	%) √			
Major (>50%)					
Summary of cha	anges				
The course sp the scope in t	olits into two se the subjects. Th	parate course e content of t	s for better under ne courses almost	standing and exp remains unchan	anding ged.

PG BOS Meeting Reference Number:

Geol/PGBOS/11/22

02-06-2022

Date:

Course Code:

Course Name: Environmental Geology

Brief Course Description: The coursedeals with Environmental Geology. The course deals with impact of geological processes on environment.

Prerequisite(s) and/or Note(s):

- (1) Environment and geology.
- (2) Note(s): Syllabus changes yearly and may be modified during the term itself, depending on the circumstances. However, students will be evaluated only on the basis of topics covered in the course.

Course Objectives:

Knowledge acquired:

- (1) Fundamental concept of environmental geology, problems and issues
- (2) Pollution: air water and land
- (3) Solid and nuclear waste
- (4) Global climate change and deforestation
- (5) Disaster management, concept of environmental impact assessment (EIA)

Skills gained:

(1) Analysis of air and water pollution,

(2) analysis of global warming and climate change, and,

(3) Waste management

Competency Developed:

- (1) Application in controlling global warming and climate change
- (2) Application in solid and nuclear waste management
- (3) Application in disaster management.

Course Syllabus:

Environmental Geology (Theory) 50 Marks (2 credit)

Fundamental concepts; Problems and issues: local, regional and global.

Pollution: air, water and land. Nature and effects of air and water pollution, disposal of solid wastes and nuclear wastes.

Global climate change, deforestation, soil degradation.

Hazardous geological processes: Types, prediction and warning, disaster management.

Mineral resources: Mineral consumption on reserves, conservation of mineral resources, impact of mining activity on the environment, environmental management in mining.

Geological and environmental considerations for construction of dams, roads and tunnels; Concepts of Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA).

Suggested Reference Reading:

- T.E. Gredel and P.J. Crutzen (1995): Atmosphere, Climate, and Change (New York: Freeman, 1995).
- E.A. Keller (2010): Environmental Geology (9thEdition). Pearson

Department Na	me: Geolog	y			
Program Name:	M.Sc in Applied	Geology			
Program Code:3	311				
Semester:	Semester I	Semester II 🗸	Semester III	Semest	er IV
Course Name:	Igneous Petro	logy			
Course Code: enter the old co	GEOL-CT-201 a ourse code)	nd GEOL-CP-205		(For ne	w course keep it blank; else
Course Credit:	4				
Marks Allotted:	Theoretical/Pr	actical: 50/25	Continuing Eval	uation:	25
Course Type (tio	ck the correct al	ternatives):			
Core		\checkmark			
Departr	nent Specific El	ective			
Generic	Elective				
Is the course for	cused on emplo	yability / entrep	reneurship?	YES 🗸	NO
Is the course for	cused on impart	ting life skill?		YES 🗸	NO
Is the course ba	sed on Activity	?		YES	NO √
Percentage of c	hange in syllabu	is (applicable in o	case of change in	n syllabu	s only)
Minor (up to 15%)				
Modera	ate (>15% and u	p to 50%)			
Major (>50%)				
Summa	ry of changes				
No ch	ianges.				

Course Name: Igneous Petrology

Brief Course Description:

GEOL-CT-201and GEOL-CP-205 deal with Magma generation and emplacement, physical properties, Classification, texture and structures in igneous rocks, Thermodynamic and phase rule: phase diagram and application in understanding melt-crystal equillibria

Prerequisite(s) and/or Note(s):

- (1) Good knowledge of Physics and chemistry
- (2) Note(s): Syllabus changes yearly and may be modified during the term itself, depending on the circumstances. However, students will be evaluated only on the basis of topics covered in the course

Course Objectives:

Knowledge acquired:

- (1) Physical and chemical properties of magma
- (2) Phase diagrams of common magmatic rocks
- (3) Mechanisms of partial melting

Skills gained:

- (1) To analyse Variation diagrams
- (2) To understand textural charecteristics of common Igneous rocks
- (3) Interpreting geochemical charecteristics

Competency Developed:

- (1) Ability to do thin section study
- (2) Ability to interpret Magmatic differentiation and assimilation

Course Syllabus:

Igneous Petrology Theory Credit-2

- Magma generation, Mode of emplacement; Physical properties and forms of igneous rocks.
- Mode of Occurrence, Classification, texture and microtexture of igneous rocks.

- Thermodynamics and Phase Diagram: Introduction to thermodynamics, Phase rule, and its application to binary and ternary systems, Phase Diagrams in understanding crystal melt equilibria.
- Physical, chemical and mineralogical composition of upper mantle; Partial melting; Segregation and ascent of magma.
- Petrogenesis: Important felsic, mafic and ultramafic rocks.
- Magmatism in relation to tectonic settings.

Continuous evaluation

credit 1

Igneous Petrology Practical Credit-1

• Study of important igneous rocks and rock associations in hand specimen and in thin section with special reference to texture and structure; Norms calculation and determination of structural formula of minerals from given chemical data.

Suggested Readings:

- Philpotts, A. & Ague, J. (2009): Principles of igneous and metamorphic petrology. Cambridge University Press.
- Winter, J.D. (2014): Principles of igneous and metamorphic petrology. Pearson.
- Rollinson, H.R. (2014): Using geochemical data: evaluation, presentation, interpretation. Routledge.
- Raymond, L.A. (2002): Petrology: the study of igneous, sedimentary and metamorphic rocks. McGraw-Hill Science Engineering.
- Best, M.G. (2001): Igneous and Metamorphic Petrology.
- Cox, K.G., Bell, J.D. (1979): The Interpretation of Igneous Rocks. Springer/Chapman & Hall.
- Bose, M.K. (1997): Igneous Petrology.
- Frost, B.R. & Frost, C.D. (2014): Essentials of igneous and metamorphic petrology. Cambridge University Press.
- G W Tyrrell. (1926). Principles of Petrology. Springer

Department Na	me: Geolog	y			
Program Name:	M.Sc in Applied	Geology			
Program Code:3	311				
Semester:	Semester I	Semester II 🗸	Semester III	Semest	er IV
Course Name:	Igneous Petro	logy			
Course Code: enter the old co	GEOL-CT-202 a ourse code)	nd GEOL-CP-206		(For nev	w course keep it blank; else
Course Credit:	4				
Marks Allotted:	Theoretical/Pr	actical: 50/25	Continuing Eval	uation:	25
Course Type (tio	ck the correct al	ternatives):			
Core		\checkmark			
Departr	nent Specific El	ective			
Generic	Elective				
Is the course fo	cused on emplo	yability / entrep	reneurship?	YES 🗸	NO
Is the course fo	cused on impart	ting life skill?		YES 🗸	NO
Is the course ba	sed on Activity	?		YES	NO √
Percentage of c	hange in syllabu	is (applicable in o	case of change in	n syllabu	s only)
Minor (up to 15%)				
Modera	ate (>15% and u	p to 50%)			
Major (>50%)				
Summa	ry of changes				
No ch	langes.				

Course Name: Metamorphic Petrology

Brief Course Description:

GEOL-CT-202 and GEOL-CP-206 deal with Metamorphic grades, metamorphic facies – concept of P-T path, Metamorphic phase rule in closed and open systems, Composition and paragenesis diagram, Tectonism and metamorphism, Mineralogical geothermobarometry, phase rule

Metamorphism in crustal systems

Prerequisite(s) and/or Note(s):

- (1) Good knowledge of Physics, Chemistry and Maths
- (2) Note(s): Syllabus changes yearly and may be modified during the term itself, depending on the circumstances. However, students will be evaluated only on the basis of topics covered in the course

Course Objectives:

Knowledge acquired:

- (1) Concept of Metamorphic grade and facies
- (2) Different Metamorphic textures
- (3) Thermodynamics of metamorphic reactions

Skills gained:

- (1) To analyse P-T-t paths
- (2) To understand Metamorphic mineral paragenesis
- (3) To understand relationship of tectonics and metamorphism

Competency Developed:

- (1) Ability to do thin section study of metamorphic rocks and interpret their significance
- (2) Ability to understand Geothermobarometry reactions
- (3) Ability to interpret Geochemical diagrams and their significance

Course Syllabus:

Metamorphic Petrology (Theoretical) Credit-2

- Index minerals, metamorphic zones; Metamorphic facies and grades, concept of metamorphic P-T-t paths.
- Mineralogical phase rule of closed and open system; Composition- paragenesis diagrams. ACF, AKF and AFM diagrams; Metamorphic products of pelitic, carbonate and mafic igneous rocks.
- Metamorphism in different tectonic settings.
- Mineralogical Geothermobarometry and its limitations; Ultrahigh temperature and pressure metamorphism phase equilibria constraints, characterization, implications, Role of Fluids in metamorphism.
- P T t paths of metamorphism, their derivation and their significance, Metamorphism and crustal evolution

Continuous Emulation

credit 1

Metamorphic Petrology Practical Credit-1

• Study of important metamorphic rocks in hand specimen and in thin section; Geometrical analysis of phase equilibria.

Suggested Readings:

- Philpotts, A., & Ague, J. (2009). Principles of igneous and metamorphic petrology. Cambridge University Press.
- Winter, J. D. (2014). Principles of igneous and metamorphic petrology. Pearson.
- Rollinson, H. R. (2014). Using geochemical data: evaluation, presentation, interpretation. Routledge.
- Raymond, L. A. (2002). Petrology: the study of igneous, sedimentary, and metamorphic rocks. McGraw-Hill Science Engineering.
- Yardley, B. W. D. (1989). An introduction to metamorphic petrology. Longman Scientific and Technical, London.
- Spear F. S. 1993. Metamorphic phase equilibria and Pressure-Temperature-Time paths. Mineralogical Society of America. Monograph 799

Department Name: Geology
Program Name:M.Sc in Applied Geology
Program Code:311
Semester: Semester II 🗸 Semester III Semester IV
Course Name: Hydrogeology
Course Code: (For new course keep it blank; else enter the old course code)
Course Credit: 4
Marks Allotted: Theoretical/Practical: 50/25 Continuing Evaluation: 25
Course Type (tick the correct alternatives):
Core 🗸
Department Specific Elective
Generic Elective
Is the course focused on employability / entrepreneurship? YES \checkmark NO
Is the course focused on imparting life skill? YES ✓ NO
Is the course based on Activity $?$ YES NO V
Percentage of change in syllabus (applicable in case of change in syllabus only)
Minor (up to 15%)
Moderate (>15% and up to 50%) √
Major (>50%)
Summary of changes
The course splits into two separate courses for better understanding and expanding the scope in the subjects. The content of the courses almost remains unchanged.

Course Name: Hydrogeology

Brief Course Description:

• The course deals with Groundwater fluctuation: types, controlling factors, Groundwater wells, types and methods, Groundwater chemistry: Components of groundwater; Salinity in GroundwaterSeawater intrusion and Ghyben-Herzberg RelationClassification and Indian salinity hazards, Artificial recharge of groundwater, Groundwater Exploration: Surface geophysical methodsGroundwater Management and DevelopmentGroundwater pollution: Arsenic, fluoride and Nitrate

Prerequisite(s) and/or Note(s):

- (1) Good knowledge of Physics, Chemistry and Maths
- (2) Note(s): Syllabus changes yearly and may be modified during the term itself, depending on the circumstances. However, students will be evaluated only on the basis of topics covered in the course

Course Objectives:

Knowledge acquired:

(1) Concept of Hydrogeological cycle

(2) Concept of groundwater monitoring

(3) Groundwater recharge and pollution

Skills gained:

(1) To calculate drawdown and recharge

(2) Understanding groundwater management

(3) Indian distribution of groundwater

Competency Developed:

- (1) Ability to do groundwater numericals
- (2) Ability to monitor and mitigate groundwater pollution

Course Syllabus:

Hydrogeology (Theoretical) 50 marks

- Introduction and basic concept; Hydrological cycle, Aquifer; Groundwater flow: Governing laws; flow rates and flow directions; Groundwater fluctuation: types, controlling factors; Environmental influences in groundwater.
- Groundwater Wells: Types and methods of construction; Well Performance test.
- Groundwater Quality: Components of groundwater; Salinity in Groundwater: Salinity influxes in groundwater, Seawater intrusion and Ghyben-Herzberg Relation; Prevention and control of saline water intrusion; Classification and Indian salinity hazards.
- Artificial recharge of groundwater: Concept, Methods and applications.
- Groundwater Level Monitoring: Types, well networks, Timing and frequency of water level measurements, data collection, water level mapping and significance.

Credit-2

- Groundwater Exploration: Surface geophysical methods Electrical, Seismic, Magnetic, Gravity, Radiometric. Geophysical well logging.
- Groundwater pollution: Arsenic, Fluoride and Nitrate.
- Groundwater Management and Development: Methods and stages of Groundwater Investigations; Data Collection, Water level measurements, Recharge and discharge areas; Groundwater legislation.
- Indian distribution of Groundwater.

Continuous evaluation 25 marks 1 credit

Hydrogeology Practical 25 marks 1 credit

• Hydrogeological maps: Depth to water table maps, groundwater contour maps, water table fluctuation maps.

Further reading

- Todd, D. K. 2006. Groundwater hydrology, 2nd Ed., John Wiley & Sons, N.Y.
- Davis, S. N. and De Weist, R.J.M. 1966. Hydrogeology, John Wiley & Sons Inc., N.Y.
- 3. Karanth K.R., 1987, Groundwater: Assessment, Development and management, Tata McGrawHill Pub. Co. Ltd.

Department Name:	GEOLOGY
Program Name:	M.SC IN APPLIED GEOLOGY
Program Code:	311
Semester: Semest	er I Semester II 🗸 Semester III Semester IV
Course Name:	GEOMORPHOLOGY
Course Code:	keep it blank; else enter the old course code)
Course Credit:	2
Marks Allotted: Theore	etical/Practical: 50 Continuing Evaluation:
Course Type (tick the co	prrect alternatives):
Core	
Department Sp	ecific Elective V
Generic Electiv	e
Is the course focused o	n employability / entrepreneurship? YES V NO
Is the course focused o	n imparting life skill? YES V NO
Is the course based on	Activity ? YES NO V
Percentage of change in	n syllabus (applicable in case of change in syllabus only)
Minor (up to 1	5%)
Moderate (>15	% and up to 50%) √
Major (>50%)	
Summary of ch	anges
The course sy the scope in t	blits into two separate courses for better understanding and expanding the subjects. The content of the courses almost remains unchanged.

PG BOS Meeting Reference Number:

Course Code:

Course Name: Geomorphology

Brief Course Description: The coursedeals with geomorphology. The course deals with dynamic nature of earth's crust and resulting geomorphological changes through time and space.

Prerequisite(s) and/or Note(s):

- (1) Earth's surface processes.
- (2) Note(s): Syllabus changes yearly and may be modified during the term itself, depending on the circumstances. However, students will be evaluated only on the basis of topics covered in the course.

Course Objectives:

Knowledge acquired:

- (1) Landform: exogenic and endogenic processes
- (2) Landform and tectonics
- (3) Drainage pattern, sea level change and geomorphic cycle

Skills gained:

- (1) analysis of earth's surface processes,
- (2) correlating geomorphology with tectonics, and,
- (3) landform analysis

Competency Developed:

- (1) Application in river science
- (2) Application in engineering planning
- (3) Application in soil and agriculture.

Course Syllabus:

Geomorphology (Theory) 50 Marks (2 credit)

Landform and Earth materials; Endogenic and Exogenic processes; Major geomorphological features.

Surficial Processes and Geomorphology: Important landscapes generated by different processes Endogenic- Exogenic interference: Landform and tectonics; uplift and denudation; Hillslope.

Drainage pattern and Tectonics; Sea-level change; Geomorphic cycles

Suggested Reference Books

- Robert S. Anderson and Suzzane P. Anderson (2010): Geomorphology -The Mechanics and Chemistry of Landscapes. Cambridge University Press.
- M.A. Summerfield (1991). Global Geomorphology. Wiley & Sons.
- Thornbury, W. D. (1954). Principles of Geomorphology. New York: John Wiley.

Department Name: Geology	
Program Name:M.Sc in Applied Geology	
Program Code:311	
Semester: Semester I Semester II ✓ Sem	nester III Semester IV
Course Name:Geotectonics	
Course Code: (For new co	urse keep it blank; else enter the old course code)
Course Credit: 2	
Marks Allotted: Theoretical/Practical: 50 Co	itinuing Evaluation:
Course Type (tick the correct alternatives):	
Core	
Department Specific Elective 🗸	
Generic Elective	
Is the course focused on employability / entreprene	urship? YES ✓ NO
Is the course focused on imparting life skill?	YES ✓ NO
Is the course based on Activity ?	YES NO √
Percentage of change in syllabus (applicable in case	of change in syllabus only)
Minor (up to 15%)	
Moderate (>15% and up to 50%) \qquad V	
Major (>50%)	
Summary of changes	
The course splits into two separate cours the scope in the subjects. The content of	s for better understanding and expanding he courses almost remains unchanged.

PG BOS Meeting Reference Number:

Course Name: Geotectonics

Brief Course Description:

• Deals withGeomagnetic fields, paleomagnetism, polar wander, geomagnetic pole reversal, sea floor spreading, Plate boundaries, plate motion and dynamics, Relative plate motion – geodetic measurement

Prerequisite(s) and/or Note(s):

- (1) Good knowledge of Physics, Chemistry and Maths
- (2) Note(s): Syllabus changes yearly and may be modified during the term itself, depending on the circumstances. However, students will be evaluated only on the basis of topics covered in the course

Course Objectives:

Knowledge acquired:

- (1) Concept of magnetic fields
- (2) Concept of polar wandering
- (3) Concept of seafloor spreading

Skills gained:

- (1) To understand magnetic polarity reversal
- (2) Understanding tectonics
- (3) Understanding plate motion

Competency Developed:

- (1) Ability to understand geodetic changes
- (2) Ability to measure plate motion

Course Syllabus:

Geotectonics (Theoretical) Credit-2

- Geomagnetic field, paleomagnetism, Polar wander and continental drift, geomagnetic field reversals, seafloor spreading,
- Plate motions and plate boundaries, geodynamic elements, earthquake focal mechanism, relative plate motions via seafloor spreading and earthquake focal mechanisms, satellite geodetic measurements of relative plate motions

Suggested Readings:

- Condie, K.C. Plate Tectonics and Crustal Evolution, Pargamon Press, 1989.
- Dobrin, M.B. (1984) An introduction to Geophysical Prospecting. McGraw-Hill, New Delhi.
- Lowrie, W. (2007). Fundamentals of geophysics. Cambridge University Press

Department Name:	Geology						
Program Name:	M.Sc in Applied Geolog	M.Sc in Applied Geology					
Program Code:311							
Semester: Semes	ter I Semester II 🗸	Semester III	Semester IV				
Course Name: General	Fieldwork						
Course Code: code)	GEOL-CP-207	(For new cours	e keep it blank; else enter the old course				
Course Credit:	2						
Marks Allotted: Theore	etical/Practical: 50	Continuing Eva	luation:				
Course Type (tick the c	orrect alternatives):						
Core							
Department Sp	pecific Elective						
Generic Electiv	/e						
SEC	\checkmark						
Is the course focused o	on employability / entrep	oreneurship?	YES ✓ NO				
Is the course focused o	on imparting life skill?		YES ✓ NO				
Is the course based on	Activity ?		YES ✓ NO				
Percentage of change i	n syllabus (applicable in	case of change in	n syllabus only)				
Minor (up to 1	5%)						
Moderate (>15	5% and up to 50%)						
Major (> 50%)							
Summary of ch	langes						

PG BOS Meeting Reference Number:

Department Name:	Geology							
Program Name:	Applied Geology							
Program Code:	311							
Semester: Semest	ter I \square Semester II \square Semester III $$ Semester IV]						
Course Name:	Palaeontology							
Course Code: code)	GEOL-CT-104 and GEOL-CP-108 blank; else e	enter the old course						
Course Credit:	4							
Marks Allotted: Theo	oretical/Practic 50/25 Continuing E	V 25						
Course Type (tick the	correct alternatives):							
Core	\checkmark							
Department Sp	pecific Elective □							
Generic Electi	ive 🗆							
Is the course focused	on employability / entrepreneurship? YES \Box NO $$							
Is the course focused	on imparting life skill? YES	NO 🗆						
Is the course based on	n Activity ? YES	∃ NO √						
Percentage of change	in syllabus (applicable in case of change in syllabus	only)						
Minor (up to 1	15%) v							
Moderate (>15	5% and up to 50%) \Box							
Major (> 50%))							
Summary of cl	hanges							
The course re	emains same as earlier.							

Course Code: GEOL-CT-104 and GEOL-CP-108

Course Name: Palaeontology

Brief Course Description:

Ancient life on earth will be explored via the principles and concepts of invertebrate paleontology, paleoecology, paleobiology and evolution.

Prerequisite(s) and/or Note(s):

- 1) Basic understanding of biology and ecology.
- 2) Some information about fossil.

Course Objectives:

Knowledge acquired:

- Origin of life, Precambrian life, evolution of life
- Numerical taxonomy, Cladistic taxonomy
- Mass extinction, rate and evolution
- Microfossils and its application in petroleum basins
- Palynology: spores and pollen

Skills gained:

Students achieve skills goals through four in-depth projects, three field-based and one literature-based.

Competency Developed:

The basic morphology and systematics of the main fossil invertebrate groups.

Course Syllabus Theory

credit 2

Origin of life, Precambrian life, Adaptation and Functional Morphology; Organic Evolution – theories, modes, patterns and trends.

Evolutionary Systematics: Numerical Taxonomy, Cladistic Taxonomy.

Organic Evolution: theories, modes, patterns and trends, Ontogeny: patterns and its role in organic evolution.

Mass extinctions: Causes; rate of extinction and evolution.

Biostratigraphy: Application of fossils in age determination and correlation.

Microfossils: Types, environmental significance; Application to exploration geology and palaeoclimatic studies.

Palynology: Introduction, palynomorphs, morphology of spores and pollens, Wall Stratification of Spore and Pollen.

Siwalik Fauna: their origin and occurrences; Trace Fossil: Classification and its application Origin and major steps in vertebrate evolution.

Continuous Evaluation	credit 1
Practical	credit 1

Study offossils withvarious modes of preservation; Study of hard part and functional morphology of different invertebrate groups;

Identificationoffeedinghabitsfromvertebrateteeth; Study of ontogenetic growth patterns through biometric analysis; Numerical techniques to study populations; Study of microfossils.

Suggested Readings:

Raup, D. M., Stanley, S. M., Freeman, W. H. (1971) Principles of Paleontology

Clarkson, E. N. K. (2012) Invertebrate paleontology and evolution 4th Edition by Blackwell Publishing.

Benton, M. (2009). Vertebrate paleontology. John Wiley & Sons.

Shukla, A. C., & Misra, S. P. (1975). Essentials of paleobotany. Vikas Publisher

Armstrong, H. A., & Brasier, M.D. (2005) Microfossils. Blackwell Publishing.

Department Name:	Geology	
Program Name:	Applied Geology	
Program Code:	311	
Semester: Semest	er I \Box Semester II \Box Semester III \checkmark Semester IV \Box	
Course Name:	Sedimentary Basin Analysis	
Course Code:	GEOL-ET-305 new course keep it blank; else enter the	old course code)
Course Credit:	2	
Marks Allotted: Theore	tical/Practical: 50 Continuing Evaluation:	
Course Type (tick the co	prrect alternatives):	
Core		
Department Spo	ecific Elective $$	
Generic Elective	e 🗆	
Is the course focused or	n employability / entrepreneurship? 🛛 YES 🗸 🛛 🗆	
Is the course focused or	n imparting life skill? YES \Box NO $$	
Is the course based on A	Activity ? YES \Box NO $$	
Percentage of change ir	n syllabus (applicable in case of change in syllabus only)	
Minor (up to 15	%) √	
Moderate (>159	% and up to 50%) \Box	
Major (> 50%)		
Summary of cha	anges	
This course re	emains same.	

Course Name: Sedimentary Basin Analysis

Brief Course Description:

. Prerequisite(s) and/or Note(s):

- (1) Good knowledge of Physics, Chemistry and Maths
- (2) Note(s): Syllabus changes yearly and may be modified during the term itself, depending on the circumstances. However, students will be evaluated only on the basis of topics covered in the course

Course Objectives:

Knowledge acquired:

- Mechanism of basin formation, basin formation and plate tectonics
- Palaeocurrent analysis: methods and application
- Sediment routing system; Erosion and regolith; Terrestrial sediment and solute yield
- BQART equation; Chemical weathering and global biogeochemical cycles; measurement of erosion rate
- Basin stratigraphy: Accommodation, sediment supply and sea level
- Stratigraphic cycles: definition and recognition;
- Subsidence history and back stripping; Signatures of Tectonic subsidence
- Measurements of thermal maturity in sedimentary basins Application to petroleum Geology

Skills gained:

- (1) analysis of sedimentary basin,
- (2) analysis of basin tectonics and palaeoenvironmental analysis, and,
- (3) palaeoclimatic information

Competency Developed:

- (1) Application in basin modelling
- (2) Application in petroleum geology
- (3) Application in exploration industry.

Course Syllabus:

Mechanism of sedimentary basin formation: Rheological characteristics of the earth; basin formation and plate tectonics; Palaeocurrent analysis: Methods and use in basin analysis. Sedimentary basin fills: Sediment routing system; Erosion and regolith; Terrestrial sediment and solute yield; BQART equation; Chemical weathering and global biogeochemical cycles; measurement of erosion rate.

Basin stratigraphy: Introduction; Accommodation, sediment supply and sea level; Stratigraphic cycles: definition and recognition; Hierarchy; Mechanism.

Subsidence: Introduction; compaction of porous sediments: fundamentals; Porosity and permeability of sediments and sedimentary rocks; Subsidence history and backstripping; Signatures of Tectonic subsidence.

Thermal history: Introduction; Arrhenius equation and maturation indices; Factors influencing temperatures and paleotemperatures in sedimentary basins; Measurements of thermal maturity in sedimentary basins.

Application to petroleum Geology: Petroleum system and concept of play; Source rock and source rock prediction; Reservoir rocks: Introduction, Reservoir properties: porosity and permeability; Factors controlling reservoir quality; diagenetic changes in reservoir rocks; Classic and unconventional plays.

Suggested Readings:

- Bastia, R., & Radhakrishna, M. (2012). Basin evolution and petroleumprospectively of the continental margins of India (Vol. 59). Newness.
- Allen, J.R.L., 1985b. Principles of Physical Sedimentology. Allen and Unwin, London, 272pp
- A.D. Miall, 2000. Principles of Sedimentary Basin Analysis. Springer publ.
- Facies model revisited, H.W. Posamentier, 2006. SEPM

Department Name: Geology							
Program Name:M.Sc in Applied Geology							
Program Code:311							
Semester: Semester I 🗆 Semester II 🖉 Semester III V Semester IV 🗆							
Course Name:Engineering Geology							
Course Code: (For new course keep it blank; else enter the old course code)							
Course Credit: 2							
Marks Allotted: Theoretical/Practical: 50 Continuing Evaluation:							
Course Type (tick the correct alternatives):							
Core							
Department Specific Elective V							
Generic Elective							
Is the course focused on employability / entrepreneurship? YES \vee NO \Box							
Is the course focused on imparting life skill? YES \vee NO \Box							
Is the course based on Activity ? YES \square NO \vee							
Percentage of change in syllabus (applicable in case of change in syllabus only)							
Minor (up to 15%)							
Moderate (>15% and up to 50%) \vee							
Major (>50%)							
Summary of changes							
The course splits into two courses. The content of the course remains unchanged.							

Course Name: Software training

Brief Course Description:

• The course deals with engineering Geology. The geological investigation related to dam and reservoir site selection and use of building materials.

Prerequisite(s) and/or Note(s):

- (1) Good knowledge of Physics, Chemistry and Maths
- (2) Note(s): Syllabus changes yearly and may be modified during the term itself, depending on the circumstances. However, students will be evaluated only on the basis of topics covered in the course

Course Objectives:

Knowledge acquired:

- Concept of geological investigation in engineering projects
- Concept of building materials and source
- Reservoir and dam: type, stability
- Criteria for dam site selection
- Tunnels: stability of tunnels, criteria for selecting tunnel site

Skills gained:

- (1) knowledge of building materials
- (2) knowledge of slope stability treatment
- (3) knowledge in engineering planning

Competency Developed:

- (1) Application in remote sensing mapping
- (2) Application in groundwater exploration
- (3) Application in land use mapping

Course Syllabus:

Engineering Geology (50 marks)

Credit 2

Stages of geological investigation for engineering projects.

Slope stability and mass movements: classifications, landslides, controlling factors of mass movements and their remedial measures.

Building materials and dimension stones: Concept, Properties; Indian Occurrence.

Dams and reservoir: Types, Parts of dams and reservoirs, stability of dams and reservoir, seepage and leakage.

Dam and reservoir failure: Causes and their remedial measures; Criteria for selecting sites for construction of dams and reservoirs.

Tunnels: Types, Parts of a tunnel, stability of tunnel.

Tunnel Failure: Causes and their remedial measures; criteria for selecting sites for construction of tunnels

SUGGESTED READINGS:

1. Krynin, D.P. and Judd W.R. 1957. Principles of Engineering Geology and Geotechnique, McGraw Hill (CBS Publ).

2. Johnson, R.B. and De Graf, J.V. 1988. Principles of Engineering Geology, John Wiley.

3. Goodman, R.E., 1993. Engineering Geology: Rock in Engineering constructions. John Wiley & Sons, N.Y.

4. Waltham, T., 2009. Foundations of Engineering Geology (3rdEdn.) Taylor & Francis.

5. Bell: F.G-, 2006. Basic Environmental and Engineering Geology Whittles Publishing.

6. Bell, .F.G, 2007. Engineering Geology, Butterworth-Heineman

Department Name:	Geology			
Program Name:	Applied Geology			
Program Code:	311			l
Semester: Semest	er I 🗆 Semester II	Semester]	III $$ Semester IV \square	
Course Name:	Field Training Progra	m		
Course Code: (code)	(For	new course k	eep it blank; else enter	the old course
Course Credit:	2			
Marks Allotted: Theo	oretical/Practic 50		Continuing Ev	
Course Type (tick the	correct alternatives):	:		
Core				
Department Sp	becific Elective $$			
Generic Electi	ve			
Is the course focused	on employability / en	trepreneursh	ip? YES √ NO □	
Is the course focused	on imparting life skil	1?	YES √ NO	
Is the course based on	Activity ?		$\mathbf{YES} \Box \mathbf{NO}$	\checkmark
Percentage of change	in syllabus (applicab	le in case of	change in syllabus only	r)
Minor (up to 1	5%)			
Moderate (>15	5% and up to 50%)	\checkmark		
Major (> 50%))			
Summary of cl	hanges			

Course Code:

Course Name: Field training program

Brief Course Description:

Deals with field geology.

• This course deals with Geological Fieldwork for structural mapping, lithological mapping, sedimentological, palaeontological, Economic geology, or any other selected problems of any age (Precambrian to Recent) in India.

Prerequisite(s) and/or Note(s):

- (1) Good knowledge of Physics, Chemistry and Maths
- (2) Note(s): Syllabus changes yearly and may be modified during the term itself, depending on the circumstances. However, students will be evaluated only on the basis of topics covered in the course

Course Objectives:

Knowledge acquired:

- (1) Use of clinometer and brunton compass
- (2) Measuring dip and strike of beds

Skills gained:

(1) Identifying different types of rocks

(2) Understanding structural features

Competency Developed:

- (1) Ability to interpret various terrains
- (2) Identifying exposures

Department Name:	Geology					
Program Name:	Applied Geology					
Program Code:						
Semester: Semest	er I \square Semester II \square Semester III $$ Semester IV \square					
Course Name:	Fuel Geology					
Course Code: [code)	(For new course keep it blank; else ente	er the old course				
Course Credit:	2					
Marks Allotted: Theo	retical/Practic 50 Continuing Ev					
Course Type (tick the	correct alternatives):					
Core						
Department Sp	ecific Elective $$					
Generic Electiv	ve 🗆					
Is the course focused of	on employability / entrepreneurship? YES \sqrt{NO} \Box					
Is the course focused of	on imparting life skill? YES \sqrt{N}	0 🗆				
Is the course based on	Is the course based on Activity ? YES \Box NO $$					
Percentage of change	in syllabus (applicable in case of change in syllabus or	ly)				
Minor (up to 1	5%)					
Moderate (>15	% and up to 50%) $$					
Major (>50%)						
Summary of cl	nanges					
The course ha has been frag	s been modified. Previously it was part of Economic Geolo mented as Ore Geology and Fuel Geology.	gy and now it				

Course Code:

Course Name: Fuel Geology

Brief Course Description:

Fuel Geology deals with coal and petroleum geology.

Prerequisite(s) and/or Note(s):

- (1) Good knowledge of Physics, Chemistry and Maths
- (2) Note(s): Syllabus changes yearly and may be modified during the term itself, depending on the circumstances. However, students will be evaluated only on the basis of topics covered in the course

Course Objectives:

Knowledge acquired:

- 1) Source of energy
- 2) Origin of coal, macerals types and composition
- 3) Grade and rank of coal, classification, Indian occurrence
- 4) Petroleum: physical and chemical properties, origin
- 5) Migration and reservoir, traps
- 6) Nuclear fuels: mineralogy and geochemistry
- 7) Indian distribution of radiogenic minerals
- 8) Nuclear waste disposal geological criteria.

Skills gained:

Knowledge about the origin, formation, distribution, resources, as well as the chemical and physical characteristics of coal and coal-bearing strata.

Competency Developed:

- (1) An understanding of coal formation, coal extraction and utilization, coal quality and environmental considerations
- (2) To use of physics, mathematics and geological knowledge in exploration for oil, gas or minerals.

Course Syllabus:

- Introduction: Sources of energy, Indian scenario.
- Coal Geology: Introduction, Origin of coal, Biochemical and dynamo-chemical changes in coal formation, Macroscopic and Microscopic constituents, Macerals and micro-lithotypes, Physical and chemical properties.
- Grade and Rank of coal, Indian classification, Spatial and temporal distribution of coal, Indian scenario.
- Petroleum Geology: Composition and physical properties of petroleum, Origin of Petroleum; Kerogen and their types.
- Migration of natural hydrocarbon.

- Petroleum Reservoir: source rock, reservoir rock, cap rocks.
- Traps : Structural, stratigraphic and combination traps.
- Petroliferous basins of India.
- Nuclear Fuel: Minerology, Geochemistry, mode of occurrence; Distribution of radioactive minerals in India; Radiogenic waste disposal geological constrains.
- Gas-hydrates.Others

Suggested Readings:

Bastia, R., & Radhakrishna, M. (2012). Basin evolution and petroleum prospectivity of the

continental margins of India (Vol. 59). Newnes.

Bjorlykke, K. (1989). Sedimentology and petroleum geology. Springer-Verlag.

Chandra D. (2007). Chandra's Textbook on applied coal petrology. Jijnasa Publishing House.

Shelly R. C. (2014). Elements of Petroleum geology: Third Edition, Academic Press

Department Name:	Geology			
Program Name:	Applied Geology			
Program Code:	311			
Semester: Semes	ter I 🗆 Semester II 🛛	Semester III	$\sqrt{1}$ Semester IV \square	
Course Name:	Industry/ Research re	elated training /	' Seminar	
Course Code: code)	(For a	new course kee	ep it blank; else enter th	ne old course
Course Credit:	2			
Marks Allotted: Theo	pretical/Practic 50		Continuing Eva	
Course Type (tick the	correct alternatives):			
Core				
Department S	pecific Elective $$			
Generic Electi	ve			
Is the course focused	on employability / en	trepreneurship	9? YES √ NO □	
Is the course focused	on imparting life skil	1?	YES √ NO □]
Is the course based on	Activity ?		YES \Box NO γ	1
Percentage of change	in syllabus (applicab	le in case of cl	nange in syllabus only)	
Minor (up to 1	.5%)	\checkmark		
Moderate (>15	5% and up to 50%)			
Major (> 50%)			
Summary of c	hanges			

Course Code:

Course Name: Industry/ Research related training / Seminar

Brief Course Description:

• deals with Geological Fieldwork for structural mapping, lithological mapping, sedimentological, palaeontological, Economic geology, or any other selected problems of any age (Precambrian to Recent) in India.

Prerequisite(s) and/or Note(s):

- (1) Good knowledge of Physics, Chemistry and Maths
- (2) Note(s): Syllabus changes yearly and may be modified during the term itself, depending on the circumstances. However, students will be evaluated only on the basis of topics covered in the course

Course Objectives:

Knowledge acquired:

- (1) Industraial experience
- (2) Mineral exploration techniques

Skills gained:

(1) Basics of Industrial applications

(2) Understanding structural features

Competency Developed:

- (1) Ability to interpret various terrains
- (2) Identifying exposures

Syllabus

The students will choose and organize their own Industrial training

Department Na	ame:	Geolog	/						
Program Name	:	M.Sc in A	Applied (Geology					
Program Code:		311							
Semester:	Semes	ter l 🗌	Semest	er II	Semester I	ll√ S	emest	er IV 🗆	
Course Name:		Climatol	ogy						
Course Code:				(For ne	w course ke	ep it b	lank; e	else enter th	ne old course code
Course Credit:		2							
Marks Allotted	: Theor	etical/Pra	actical:	50	Continuing	g Evalua	ation:		
Course Type (ti	ck the c	orrect al	ternative	es):					
Core									
Depart	ment S	pecific Ele	ective	\checkmark					
Generi	c Electiv	/e							
Is the course fo	cused c	on emplo	yability ,	entrep	reneurship?	γ γ	'ES ✔	NO 🗆	
Is the course fo	cused c	on impart	ing life s	kill?		Ŷ	'ES ✔	NO 🗆	
Is the course ba	ased on	Activity	?			Ŷ	'ES ✔	NO 🗆	
Percentage of o	change	in syllabu	ıs (applic	able in d	case of chan	nge in s	yllabu	s only)	
Minor	(up to 1	5%)							
Moder	ate (>15	5% and u	p to 50%	5)	\checkmark				
Major	(> 50%)								
Summa	ary of ch	nanges							
The o the s	course s cope in	plits into the subj	two sep ects. The	arate co content	ourses for be	etter u rses alı	nderst most r	anding and emains unc	expanding hanged.

Course Name: Climatology

Brief Course Description:

• deals with Climate: Classification; Koppen's and Thornthwaite's classification; Composition and structure of the atmosphere; Energy Balance: Solar Radiation; Temperature and Moisture; Distribution of temperature

Prerequisite(s) and/or Note(s):

- (1) Good knowledge of Physics, Chemistry and Maths
- (2) Note(s): Syllabus changes yearly and may be modified during the term itself, depending on the circumstances. However, students will be evaluated only on the basis of topics covered in the course

Course Objectives:

Knowledge acquired:

- (1) Concept of Climate classification
- (2) Concept of Energy Balance
- (3) Types of precipitation

Skills gained:

- (1) To understand global warming
- (2) Understanding wind pattern
- (3) Understanding cyclones

Competency Developed:

- (1) Ability to understand climate changes
- (2) Ability to understand Milankovitch Cycle

Course Syllabus:

Climatology (Theoretical) Credit-2

- Introduction, Climate: Classification; Koppen's and Thornthwaite's classification; Composition and structure of the atmosphere; Energy Balance: Solar Radiation; Temperature and Moisture; Distribution of temperature.
- General circulation of winds; Monsoons and Jet Streams; Air Masses; Fronts, Cyclones: temperate and tropical.
- Precipitation: Types and distribution; Global warming; Changes in Atmospheric Chemistry; Climate changes: Past, present and future.

Suggested Readings

- Rudiman, W.F., 2001. Earth's climate: past and future. Edition
- Rohli, R.V., and Vega, A.J., 2007. Climatology. Jones and Barlatt
- Lutgens, F., Tarbuck, E., and Tasa, D., 2009. The Atmosphere: An Introduction to Meteorology.Pearson Publisher

• Aguado, E., and Burt, J., 2009. Understanding weather

Department Name:	Geology	/		
Program Name:	M.Sc in	Applied Geolog	ÿ	
Program Code:	311			
Semester: Sem	nester I 🗌	Semester II 🗆	Semester III 🗸	Semester IV
Course Name: Geoc	hemistry			
Course Code:		(For ne	w course keep it	t blank; else enter the old course code)
Course Credit:	4			
Marks Allotted: The	eoretical/Pra	actical: 50/25	Continuing Eva	luation: 25
Course Type (tick th	e correct al	ternatives):		
Core				
Department	t Specific Ele	ective		
Generic Elec	ctive	\checkmark		
Is the course focuse	d on emplo	yability / entrep	reneurship?	YES ✓ NO 🗆
Is the course focuse	d on impart	ing life skill?		YES ✓ NO 🗆
Is the course based	on Activity	?		YES ✓ NO 🗆
Percentage of chang	ge in syllabu	is (applicable in	case of change i	n syllabus only)
Minor (up te	o 15%)			
Moderate (>15% and u	p to 50%)	\checkmark	
Major (> 50	%)			
Summary of	f changes			
The cours the scope	e splits into in the subje	two separate conten	ourses for better t of the courses	⁻ understanding and expanding almost remains unchanged.

Course Name: Geochemistry

Brief Course Description:

Deals in Earth in relation to solar system and universe. Cosmic abundance of elements, Comparisons of planets and meteorites. Isotope geochemistry: Geochronology - methods and limitations, Evolution of the Earth's isotopic reservoir, Application to petrogenesis

- Prerequisite(s) and/or Note(s):
 - (1) Good knowledge of Physics, Chemistry and Maths
 - (2) Note(s): Syllabus changes yearly and may be modified during the term itself, depending on the circumstances. However, students will be evaluated only on the basis of topics covered in the course

Course Objectives:

Knowledge acquired:

- (1) Basic concept f Geochemistry
- (2) Different types of geochemical principles
- (3) Cosmic abundance of elements, comparison of composition of earth with other planets and meteorites

Skills gained:

- Isotope geochemistry, geochronology,
- role of Eh-pH in natural systems
- Earth-ocean-atmospheric interaction

Competency Developed:

- (1) Ability to interpret geochemical data
- (2) Ability to do make proper geochemical interpretation

Course Syllabus:

Geochemistry (Theoretical) Credit-2

- Earth in relation to solar system and universe. Cosmic abundance of elements, Comparisons of planets and meteorites.
- Isotope geochemistry: Geochronology methods and limitations, Evolution of the Earth's isotopic reservoir, Application to petrogenesis. Stable isotopes Nature, Abundance, Fractionation, Evolution, Fluid interactions. Applications in environmental problems.
- General chemical characteristics of sedimentary rocks; role of ionic potential, H-ion concentration and oxidation-reduction potential in sedimentation. Eh-pH diagrams of Mn-H2O systems and Fe-H2O systems with/without CO2.
- Geochemical cycle, Biogeochemical cycle, Ocean-atmosphere interactions, the evolution of Atmosphere

Continuous Evolution Credit-1

Geochemistry Practical Credit-1

• Geochemical numericals and application of geochemical instruments

Suggested Readings

- Mason, B. (1986) Principles of Geochemistry. 3rd Edition, Wiley New York.
- Rollinson, H. (2007) Using geochemical data evaluation, presentation and interpretation. 2nd Edition. Publisher Longman Scientific & Technical.
- Walther, J. V. (2009). Essentials of geochemistry. Jones & Bartlett Publishers.

Department Name: Geology							
ogram Name: M.Sc in Applied Geology							
Program Code: 311							
Semester: Semester I 🗌 Semester II 🖉 Semester III V Semester IV 🗌							
Course Name: Isotope Geology							
Course Code: GEOL-EP-404D (For new course keep it blank; else enter the old course code)							
Course Credit: 4							
Marks Allotted: Theoretical/Practical: 50+25 Continuing Evaluation: 25							
Course Type (tick the correct alternatives):							
Core							
Department Specific Elective							
Generic Elective √							
Is the course focused on employability / entrepreneurship? YES \vee NO \Box							
Is the course focused on imparting life skill? YES \vee NO \Box							
Is the course based on Activity $\ ? \qquad \qquad YES \ \square \ NO \ V$							
Percentage of change in syllabus (applicable in case of change in syllabus only)							
Minor (up to 15%)							
Moderate (>15% and up to 50%) \Box							
Major (> 50%)							
Summary of changes							
No changes.							

Course Code: GEOL-EP-404D

Course Name: Isotope Geology

Brief Course Description:

• The course deals with Isotope Geology. The course deals with chemical characteristics of soft and hard rock systems. .

Prerequisite(s) and/or Note(s):

- (1) Good knowledge of Physics, Chemistry and Maths
- (2) Note(s): Syllabus changes yearly and may be modified during the term itself, depending on the circumstances. However, students will be evaluated only on the basis of topics covered in the course

Course Objectives:

Knowledge acquired:

- General characteristics of Isotopes, Isotope effects, Isotope fractionation process
- Mass Spectrometry: Basic principles; Equations of motion of ions; Ion Microprobe and Electrostatic Tandem Accelerators; Isotope Dilution Analysis
- Radioactivity, Decay mechanism of radioactive atoms; Radioactive decay and growth, Radiogenic isotope in Geochronology and Petrogenesis, Fission-track dating
- Stable isotope geochemistry: Variations of Stable Isotope ratios
- Isotope Geothermometry, Isotope Fractionation in the Hydrologic and Biological System

Skills gained:

(1) knowledge in radio and stable isotopes

(2) knowledge in geochronology

(3) knowledge in decay of radioactive isotopes

Competency Developed:

- (1) Application in rock melt systems
- (2) Application in sediments
- (3) Application in chemical industries

Course Syllabus:

Isotope Geochemistry (Theoretical) 50 marks

Credit 2

Introduction: General characteristics of Isotopes, Isotope effects, Isotope fractionation process of some important elements.

Mass Spectrometry: Basic principles; Equations of motion of ions; Ion Microprobe and Electrostatic Tandem Accelerators; Isotope Dilution Analysis.

Principles of Radioactivity, Decay mechanism of radioactive atoms; Radioactive decay and growth, Radiogenic isotope in Geochronology and Petrogenesis, Fission-track dating.

Stable isotope geochemistry: Scope of Stable Isotope Geochemistry, Variations of Stable Isotope Ratios in Nature, Isotope Geothermometry, Isotope Fractionation in the Hydrologic and Biological System.

Continuous Evaluation

1 credit

Practical

1 credit

SUGGESTED READINGS:

- Albarède, F. (2003). Geochemistry: an introduction. Cambridge University Press.
- Faure, Gunter and Teresa M. Mensing (2004). Isotopes: Principles and Applications, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd

Department Na	ame:	Geolog	y				
Program Name	:	M.Sc in	Applied	l Geolog	Ŋ		
Program Code:		311					
Semester:	Semes	ter I 🗌	Semest	er II 🗆	Semester III 🗆	Semes	ter IV ✓
Course Name:		Ore Geo	logy				
Course Code:				(For ne	w course keep i	t blank;	else enter the old course code;
Course Credit:		4					
Marks Allotted	: Theore	etical/Pr	actical:	50/25	Continuing Eva	luation:	25
Course Type (ti	ck the c	orrect al	ternativo	es):			
Core				\checkmark			
Depart	ment Sp	ecific Ele	ective				
Generi	c Electiv	e					
Is the course fo	cused o	n emplo	yability ,	/ entrep	reneurship?	YES 🗸	ΝΟ
Is the course fo	cused o	n impart	ing life s	skill?		YES 🗸	ΝΟ
Is the course ba	ased on	Activity	?			YES 🗸	ΝΟ
Percentage of o	change i	n syllabu	ıs (applio	cable in o	case of change i	n syllabı	us only)
Minor	(up to 1	5%)					
Modera	ate (>15	5% and u	p to 50%	5)	\checkmark		
Major ((> 50%)						
Summa	ary of ch	anges					
The o the s	course s cope in	plits into the subj	two sep ects. The	parate co e conten	ourses for better t of the courses	r unders almost i	tanding and expanding remains unchanged.

Course Name: Ore Geology

Brief Course Description:

• deals with Ore forming processes, Tectonics and ore formation, Ore texture and genesis. Phase equilibria of sulphide and oxide, Ore in igneous rocks, metamorphic rocks, sedimentary placer deposits

Prerequisite(s) and/or Note(s):

- (1) Good knowledge of Economic geology
- (2) Note(s): Syllabus changes yearly and may be modified during the term itself, depending on the circumstances. However, students will be evaluated only on the basis of topics covered in the course.

Course Objectives:

Knowledge acquired:

- (1) Ore deposits and their formation
- (2) Extraction of ore
- (3) Ore texture and genesis

Skills gained:

- (1) Ore estimation
- (2) Indian occurrences of Ore
- (3) Environmental impact of Ore geology

Competency Developed:

- (1) Ore genesis processes
- (2) Mineral deposits exploration

Course Syllabus:

Ore Geology (Theory) Credit: 2

- Ore-Forming Processes, Mode of Occurrence, Role of fluids in ore genesis.
- Plate tectonics and mineral deposits.
- Ore textures and their genesis: sulphide and oxide phase equilibria and its significance.
- Ores of silicic igneous rock association, Ores of basic and ultrabasic plutonic rocks, Ores of sedimentary association: Sedimentary deposits, placer deposits, Ores of volcanic- Volcano-sedimentary association, Ores of metamorphic association, Ores associated with weathering surfaces; Metamorphism of ores.

- Indian Occurrence of Fe, Mn, Cu, Pb, Zn, Cr, Ni, Sn and W deposits
- Mode of Occurrence and origin of important non-metallic minerals: diamond, graphite, barite, gypsum, phosphorite, mica and asbestos.
- Raw materials (with specifications) used in the following industry: Iron and Steel, Glass and ceramic, Cement and Fertilizer.

Continuous Evaluation Credit-1

Ore Geology Practical Credit:1

- Study of hand specimen of important ore mineral; Study of important ore minerals under microscope.
- Study of hand specimen of coal, Reserve estimation of coal

Suggested Readings

- Guilbert, J.M. and Park Jr., C.F. (1986) The Geology of Ore deposits. Freeman & Co.
- Bateman, A.M. and Jensen, M.L. (1990) Economic Mineral Deposits. John Wiley.
- Evans, A.M. (1993) Ore Geology and Industrial minerals. Wiley
- Laurence Robb. (2005) Introduction to ore forming processes. Wiley

Department Name:	Geology				
Program Name:	M.Sc in Applied	d Geolog	У		
Program Code:311					
Semester: Seme	ster I 🗌 🛛 Semes	ter II 🗌	Semester III 🗆	Semest	ter IV ✓
Course Name: M.	Sc. Dissertation				
Course Code: code)	GEOL-CP-405		(For new course	e keep it	blank; else enter the old course
Course Credit:	4				
Marks Allotted: Theorem	retical/Practical:	50	Continuing Eval	luation:	
Course Type (tick the	correct alternativ	es):			
Core		\checkmark			
Department S	pecific Elective				
Generic Electi	ve				
Is the course focused	on employability	/ entrep	reneurship?	YES ✓	NO 🗆
Is the course focused	on imparting life	skill?		YES 🗸	NO 🗆
Is the course based or	n Activity ?			YES 🗸	NO 🗆
Percentage of change	in syllabus (appli	cable in o	case of change ir	n syllabu	is only)
Minor (up to 2	15%)				
Moderate (>1	.5% and up to 50%	%)			
Major (> 50%))				
Summary of c	hanges				
				-	

Course Code: GEOL-CP-405 Course

Name: M.Sc. Dissertation

Brief Course Description:

• GEOL-CP-405 deals with Geological Fieldwork for structural mapping, lithological mapping, sedimentological, palaeontological, Economic geology, or any other selected problems of any age (Precambrian to Recent) in India.

Prerequisite(s) and/or Note(s):

- (1) Good knowledge of Physics, Chemistry and Maths
- (2) Note(s): Syllabus changes yearly and may be modified during the term itself, depending on the circumstances. However, students will be evaluated only on the basis of topics covered in the course

Course Objectives:

Knowledge acquired:

- (1) Research methodology
- (2) Research techniques

Skills gained:

- (1) Development of critical thinking to carry out scientific investigation objectively without being biased with preconceived notions.
- (2) to analyze problems, formulate a hypothesis, evaluate and validate results, and draw reasonable conclusions thereof.

Competency Developed:

- (1) Ability to interpret various terrains
- (2) Identifying exposures

Syllabus

The students will choose their dissertation topic and guide on their own.

Department Name:	Geology						
Program Name:	M.Sc in Applied Geology						
Program Code:	311						
Semester: Semest	er I 🗆 Semest	ter II 🗆	Semester III 🗆	Semest	er IV ✓		
Course Name:Stratigrap	ohy						
Course Code: code)	GEOL-CT-203		(For new course	e keep it	blank; else enter the old course		
Course Credit:	2						
Marks Allotted: Theore	s Allotted: Theoretical/Practical: 50			Continuing Evaluation:			
Course Type (tick the co	orrect alternativ	es):					
Core							
Department Sp	ecific Elective	\checkmark					
Generic Elective	е						
Is the course focused o	/ entrepi	reneurship?	YES 🗸	NO 🗆			
Is the course focused o	n imparting life s	skill?		YES ✓	NO 🗆		
Is the course based on a	Activity ?			YES ✓	NO 🗆		
Percentage of change in	n syllabus (applie	cable in o	case of change ir	n syllabu	s only)		
Minor (up to 15	5%)						
Moderate (>15	% and up to 50%	6)					
Major (> 50%)							
Summary of ch	anges						
L							

Course Code: GEOL-CT-203

Course Name: Stratigraphy

Brief Course Description:

• GEOL-CT-203Deals with the study of Precambrian and Phanerozoic basins of India

Prerequisite(s) and/or Note(s):

- (1) Good knowledge of Sedimentation and tectonics
- (2) Note(s): Syllabus changes yearly and may be modified during the term itself, depending on the circumstances. However, students will be evaluated only on the basis of topics covered in the course

Course Objectives:

Knowledge acquired:

(1) Concept of Stratigraphic units

(2) Concept of Cratons and mobile belts

Skills gained:

(1) To understand Precambrian lithology

(2) Understanding Phanerozoic sedimentation

Competency Developed:

- (1) Ability to understand Precambrian and Phanerozoic tectonics
- (2) Ability to understand Sedimentation history and evolution of life

Course Syllabus:

Stratigraphy (Theoretical) Credit-2

- Archaean cratons lithology, tectonics and igneous activity
- Concept of supercontinent
- Proterozoic mobile belts
- Proterozoic basins and their evolution
- Phanerozoic stratigraphy of india
- Boundary problems

Suggested Readings

- Krishnan, M. S. (1982) Geology of India and Burma, CBS Publishers, Delhi
- Doyle, P. & Bennett, M. R. (1996) Unlocking the Stratigraphic Record. John Wiley
- Ramakrishnan, M. &Vaidyanadhan, R. (2008) Geology of India Volumes 1 & 2, Geological society of India, Bangalore.
- Valdiya, K. S. (2010) The making of India, Macmillan India Pvt. Ltd

Department Na	me: Ge	eology					
Program Name: M.Sc in Applied Geology		ý					
Program Code:	31	L1					
Semester:	Semester		Semest	er II 🗆	Semester III 🗆	Semest	er IV 🗸
Course Name:	Ocean Sci	ience					
Course Code: code)	GEOL-ET-3	304			(For new course	e keep it	blank; else enter the old course
Course Credit:	2						
Marks Allotted:	Theoretic	al/Pra	ctical:	50	Continuing Eva	luation:	
Course Type (tio	ck the corre	ect alte	ernative	es):			
Core							
Departr	ment Speci	ific Ele	ctive	\checkmark			
Generic	Elective						
Is the course fo	cused on e	employ	ability ,	/ entrep	reneurship?	YES 🗸	ΝΟ
Is the course fo	cused on ir	mparti	ng life s	skill?		YES 🗸	ΝΟ
Is the course based on Activity ?				YES 🗸	ΝΟ		
Percentage of c	hange in sy	yllabus	applic	able in d	case of change ir	n syllabu	s only)
Minor (up to 15%))					
Moderate (>15% and up to 50%)							
Major (> 50%)						
Summa	ry of chang	ges					

Course Code: GEOL-ET-304

Course Name: Ocean Science

Brief Course Description:

 GEOL-ET-304Deals with thePhysical oceanography, coastal processes, wave propagation, reflection and refraction, tsunami, Tides: causes and magnitude, Estuaries: Classification, coastal population, coastal management, Global Wind system; Ekman"s theory; Sverdrup, Stommel and Munk"s theories,Ocean currents, geostrophic motion; barotropic and baroclinic conditions

Prerequisite(s) and/or Note(s):

- (1) Good knowledge of Oceanography and marine biology
- (2) Note(s): Syllabus changes yearly and may be modified during the term itself, depending on the circumstances. However, students will be evaluated only on the basis of topics covered in the course

Course Objectives:

Knowledge acquired:

(1) Concept of Ocean currents

(2) Concept of Ocean sediments and basins

(3) Biological oceanography

Skills gained:

(1) To understand Ocean chemistry

(2) Understanding Waves and Tides

Competency Developed:

- (1) Ability to understand Ekman transport and upwelling
- (2) Ability to understand marine life

Course Syllabus:

Oceanography (Theoretical) Credit-2

- Physical oceanography, coastal processes, wave propagation, reflection and refraction, tsunami
- Tides: causes and magnitude
- Estuaries: Classification, coastal population, coastal management
- Global Wind system; Ekman's theory; Sverdrup, Stommel and Munk's theories
- Ocean currents, geostrophic motion; barotropic and baroclinic conditions
- El Nino; monsoonal winds and currents: North Indian Ocean; Arabian Sea: Upwelling processes.
- Chemical Oceanography: Seawater Composition; Elements: Types, Classification and

distribution; Chemistry of Element: pore fluid and anthropogenic inputs

• Ionic interactions; nutrients cycle, trace metals and organic

matter. Atmosphere-Ocean Interaction: biological pump

- Biological Oceanography: Marine environment and marine organisms; Production of marine life
- Abundance and diversity; coastal communities; Ecology and community: food webs
- Anthropogenic impacts on marine biota; climate change and marine biodiversity
- Pollution and marine environments including fisheries

Suggested Readings

Introductory Oceanography by Harold V. Thurman, Mt. San Antonio College, Charles E. Merrill Publishing Company.

Oceanography for Beginners, by Pranab K. Banerjee, Allied Publishers Pvt. Limited

Coastal Hydraulics, by A. M. Muir and C. A. Fleming 1981, The MacMillan Press Ltd, London.

Department Name:	Geology					
Program Name:	Applied Geology					
Program Code:						
Semester: Semest	ter I \square Semester II \square Semester III \square Semester IV \checkmark					
Course Name:	Geophysics					
Course Code: (code)	(For new course keep it blank; else enter	the old course				
Course Credit:	4					
Marks Allotted: Theo	oretical/Practic 50+25 Continuing Ev					
Course Type (tick the	correct alternatives):]				
Core						
Department Sp	pecific Elective					
Generic Electi	ve V					
Is the course focused	on employability / entrepreneurship? YES \sqrt{NO} \Box					
Is the course focused on imparting life skill? YES \sqrt{NO}						
Is the course based on Activity ? YES \sqrt{NO}						
Percentage of change in syllabus (applicable in case of change in syllabus only)						
Minor (up to 1	5%)					
Moderate (>15% and up to 50%) $$						
Major (> 50%))					
Summary of cl	hanges					
Changes have different one	e been made to the course. The last course has been broken u s: geophysics and geotectonics.	p into two				

Course Code:

Course Name: Geophysics

Brief Course Description:

Geophysics provides tools and methods which can image the subsurface through measurements which are mostly made remotely from the Earth's surface.

Prerequisite(s) and/or Note(s):

- 1) Basic understanding of physics.
- 2) Some information about field based survey procedure.

Course Objectives:

Knowledge acquired:

- Gravity and gravity anomalies, gravity survey, gravity map preparation
- Magnetic fields, magnetic behavior of rocks, magnetic methods anomalies, preparation of magtnetic anomaly maps
- Thermal and electrical properties of rocks, resistivity method
- Application of electrical method in groundwater exploration Seismic method, wave propagation principles, seismic data interpretation

Skills gained:

Prepare students for a career in the petroleum industry and in the associated seismic processing companies, in geophysical prospecting.

Competency Developed:

The master programme assists with understands how geophysical results are obtained, analyzed and used to improve knowledge of structure of dynamics of the Earth on various scales.

Course Syllabus: Theory

credit 2

- Seismology and Interior structure of the Earth: Elastic wave theory, Snell's Law, the ray parameter and theory of seismic waves, Earthquake seismology, Internal structure of the earth.
- Gravity: Gravitational fields of the earth and anomalies, Geoid and figures of the Earth, Isostasy and structure of the crust; Gravity method: Gravity field Survey, Corrections Applied to gravity data, Preparation of gravity maps.
- Geomagnetism: Earth's magnetic field, Magnetic behavior of rocks, Palaeomagnetism and its applications; Magnetic method: Principles, Preparation of Magnetic anomaly maps and interpretation.
- Thermal and Electrical properties of the solid Earth: Source of heat. Heat flow mechanism in crust, mantle and core, Electric method: Principles, Resistively methods: basic properties, field procedures, electrode arrays and equipment; Interpretation of electrical profile and sounding curves Application of electrical methods in groundwater prospecting and civil engineering problems.
- Seismic Method: Principles of wave propagation; Refraction and Reflection seismic surveys for single interface both horizontal and dipping cases; Seismic velocity and interpretation of seismic data.

Continuous Evaluation

1 credit

Practical Syllabus

1 credit

Application of geological instrument in geophysics, geophysical numerical, Geophysical subsurface studies using various instruments.

Suggested Readings:

Dobrin, M.B. (1984) An introduction to Geophysical Prospecting. McGraw-Hill, New Delhi.

Exploration Geophysics - An Outline by Bhimasarikaram V.L.S., Association of Exploration Geophysicists, Osmania University, Hyderabad, 1990.

Lowrie, W. (2007). Fundamentals of geophysics. Cambridge University Press

Outlines of Geophysical Prospecting - A manual for geologists by Ramachandra Rao, M.B., Prasaranga, University of Mysore, Mysore, 1975.

Telford, W. M., Geldart, L. P., & Sheriff, R. E. (1990). *Applied geophysics* (Vol. 1). Cambridge university press.

Department Name:	Geology						
Program Name:	Applied Geology						
Program Code:	311						
Semester: Semest	ter I \square Semester II \square Semester III \square Semester IV $$						
Course Name:	Remote Sensing	g					
Course Code: code)	((For ne	ew course keep	it blank; else en	ter the old course		
Course Credit:	4						
Marks Allotted: Theo	oretical/Practic	50/25		Continuing Ev	25		
Course Type (tick the	correct alternati	ives):		l			
Core	C						
Department Sp	ecific Elective						
Generic Electi	ve		\checkmark				
Is the course focused	on employability	y / entr	epreneurship?	YES √ NO □			
Is the course focused	on imparting life	e skill?)	YES $\sqrt{2}$	NO 🗆		
Is the course based on	Activity	?		YES 🗆	NO √		
Percentage of change in syllabus (applicable in case of change in syllabus only)							
Minor (up to 1	5%)						
Moderate (>15	5% and up to $50%$	%)	\checkmark				
Major (>50%)							
Summary of cl	hanges						
The course sp	lits into two cour	rses. Th	e content of co	urse remains same	e as earlier.		

Course Code:

Course Name: Remote Sensing

Brief Course Description:

This course is designed to educate students to the fundamental ideas and principles of different remote sensing components.

Prerequisite(s) and/or Note(s):

- 1) Basic understanding of photo imagery.
- 2) Some information about optical characteristics of light waves.

Course Objectives:

Knowledge acquired:

- Basic concept of remote sensing
- Photogeology: digital and conventional
- Electromagnetic radiation: concept and theories, interaction with atmosphere and application of remote sensing
- Remote sensing data: source and sensors
- Data acquisition, satellite imagery
- Arial photography: types and interpretation GIS and GPS

Skills gained:

- Concept about different types of satellite and sensors.
- Interpretation of satellite and top sheet maps.

Competency Developed:

- Apply the concepts of Photogrametry and its applications such as determination of heights of objects on terrain.
- Illustrate Energy interactions with atmosphere and with earth surface features,
- Understand different components of GIS and Learning about map projection and coordinate system
- Develop knowledge on conversion of data from analogue to digital and working with GIS software.

Course Syllabus theory credit 2

Definition, concept, Types scope and purpose;Photogeology: Digital and conventional. Electromagnetic Radiation: Concepts and theories; Electromagnetic spectrum: Types, Common wavelength band in Remote sensing; Interaction with atmosphere and application in remote sensing; atmosphere windows.

Remote Sensing: data source, platforms and sensors; data products, geometric and radiometric corrections; Acquisition of data; Thermal and microwave remote sensing; Satellite Imagery; Indian Remote Sensing Satellites and Space Missions.

Photogeology: Aerial photography, definition, characteristics, Types and geometry; Aerial Photo

Interpretation and Elements of photogrammetry.

Digital Image Processing: Image structure, Processing system, Restoration, enhancement, classification and application in geological exploration, landuse and natural hazards zonation. Geographical Information System (GIS) and Global Positioning System (GPS)

Continuous evaluation

credit 1

credit 1

Practical

Stereoscopic study of air-photos, parallax, vertical exaggeration and Interpretations; Elementary practical exercises on photogeological mapping. Application of Software in Remote Sensing

Suggested Readings:

Demers, M.N., 1997. Fundamentals of Geographic Information System, John Wiley & sons. Inc.

Hoffmann-Wellenhof, B., Lichtenegger, H. and Collins, J., 2001. GPS: Theory & Practice,

Springer Wien New York.

Jensen, J.R., 1996. Introductory Digital Image Processing: A Remote Sensing Perspective,

Springer- Verlag.

Lillesand, T. M. & Kiefer, R.W., 2007. Remote Sensing and Image Interpretation, Wiley.

Richards, J.A. and Jia, X., 1999. Remote Sensing Digital Image Analysis, Springer-Verlag.